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CLAIMS

- 1. A high-strength austenitic stainless steel strip excellent in flatness of shape with Vickers hardness of 400 or more, which has the composition consisting of C up to 0.20 mass %, Si up to 4.0 mass %, Mn up to 5.0 mass %, 4.0·12.0 mass % Ni, 12.0·20.0 mass % Cr, Mo up to 5.0 mass %, N up to 0.15 mass % and the balance being Fe except inevitable impurities under the condition that a value Md(N) defined by the formula (1) is in a range of 0·125, and a dual-phase structure of austenite and martensite which involves reversion austenitic phase at a ratio more than 3 vol.%.
- 10 $Md(N) = 580 520C 2Si 16Mn 16Cr 23Ni 26Cu 300N 10Mo \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot (1)$
 - 2. The austenitic stainless steel strip defined in Claim 1, which further contains at least one or more of Cu up to 3.0 mass %, Ti up to 0.5 mass %, Nb up to 0.50 mass %, Al up to 0.2mass %, B up to 0.015 mass %, REM (rare earth metals) up to 0.2 mass %, Y up to 0.2 mass %, Ca up to 0.1 mass % and Mg up to 0.10 mass %.
 - A method of manufacturing a high-strength austenitic stainless steel strip excellent in flatness of shape with Vickers hardness of 400 or more, which comprises the steps of:
 - providing an austenitic stainless steel strip having compositions consisting of C up to 0.20 mass %, Si up to 4.0 mass %, Mn up to 5.0 mass %, 4.0·12.0 mass % Ni, 12.0·20.0 mass % Cr, Mo up to 5.0 mass %, N up to 0.15 mass %, optionally at least one or more of Cu up to 3.0 mass %, Ti up to 0.5 mass %, Nb up to 0.50 mass %, Al up to 0.2mass %, B up to 0.015 mass %, REM (rare earth metals) up to 0.2 mass %, Y up to 0.2 mass %, Ca up to 0.1 mass % and Mg up to 0.10 mass %, and the balance being Fe except inevitable impurities under the condition that a value Md(N) defined by the formula (1) is in a range of 0·125;

solution-heating said austenitic stainless steel strip;

cold-rolling said austenitic stainless steel strip to generate a deformation-induced martensite phase; and

re-heating said cold-rolled austenitic stainless steel strip at 500-700°C to induce reversion, by which an austenitic phase is generated at a ratio of 3 vol.% or more in a matrix composed of said deformation-induced martensite phase.

- 5 $Md(N) = 580 520C 2Si 16Mn 16Cr 23Ni 26Cu 300N 10Mo \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot (1)$
 - 4. The method of manufacturing a high-strength austenitic stainless steel strip with Vickers hardness of 400 or more defined in Claim 3, wherein the austenitic stainless steel strip is re-heated in a state charged with a load of 785Pa or more.

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